

Using Natural Language Processing to Enhance Understandability of Financial Texts

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ABSTRACT

Dealing with money has always been one of the basic skills one needs to live a comfortable life. However, financial literacy rates across the nations are extremely low. Furthermore, over the years the returns from traditional investment avenues like bank fixed deposits (FD), real estate, etc. have been diminishing. This entices new-age investors to trade and reap profits from the ever-growing stock markets. Nevertheless, in reality, only a handful of active traders are able to earn more than the FD rates. This is due to the lack of financial knowledge. The presence of complex concepts and jargons further reduces comprehensibility. In this paper, we present how financial texts can be demystified using Natural Language Processing (NLP). It consists of neural-based readability assessment and hypernym extraction tools to improve the readability of financial texts. Other modules include financial domain specific systems for automated claim detection, sustainability assessment, etc.

CCS CONCEPTS

• Applied computing → Economics; • Information systems → Clustering and classification; Summarization; • Computing methodologies → Language resources; Lexical semantics; Information extraction; Ensemble methods.

KEYWORDS

financial text processing, natural language processing, readability, hypernym detection, claim detection

1 INTRODUCTION

Financial Literacy is understanding how to make the best use of the money one possesses. It leads to financial freedom and improves the overall quality of life. This financial well-being in turn results in economic prosperity of the nation. A survey by National Centre for Financial Education revealed that only 27% of Indians are financially literate.¹ Due to lack of awareness, people tend to invest only in conventional avenues like gold, FDs etc.² Since return of investment from these traditional avenues have been constantly reducing, it is essential to enlighten the general public with the knowledge of financial markets and products like equities, bonds, mutual funds, Sudip Kumar Naskar Jadavpur University Kolkata, West Bengal, India sudip.naskar@gmail.com

Readable: Inflation is rate of increase in prices with time Not Readable: Legally assured line of credit with a bank	In-Claim: We estimate that sales growth rate may exceed 40% Out-of-Claim: Professional visual products account for 20%		
Readability Assessment	Claim Detection		
Common people ➡ Investor			
	Sustainable: We shall reduce the		
	amount of waste we produce.		
	Non-sustainable: Energy from coal		
NPS > Retirement Fund	brings us the most revenue.		
Hypernym Extraction	Sustainability Assessment		

Figure 1: NLP based solutions for the Financial domain

etc.³ It is equally noteworthy that only a few active traders could earn more than the FD rates over the last 3 years.⁴ Thus, apart from improving overall Financial Literacy, it is also essential to equip investors with data-driven tools for making trade-related decisions⁵. In this paper, we describe the four NLP based modules which we have developed so far (Ref: Figure 1).

2 MODULES

The first two modules (2.1, 2.2) are aimed at improving Financial Literacy. The remaining two modules (2.3, 2.4) are positioned to empower investors in making informed choices.

2.1 Readability Assessment (RA)

We showed that formula-based readability scores (like Flesch Reading Index, Automated Readability Index, etc.) are not suitable for the financial domain and created a Financial Readability Assessment Dataset (FinRAD) [12]. It consists of definitions of financial terms and assigned readability scores. We fine-tuned a FinBERT model [1] and developed the tool FinRead [11] to classify definitions of financial terms as readable or not. In future, we want to develop a tool for simplifying financial text to improve readability.

2.2 Hypernym Extraction (HE)

Hypernyms (i.e. generic forms) help in understanding the concepts better. We proposed a novel method to select negative samples [2] and fine-tuned the FinBERT [1] model using sentence transformers (SBERT) [16] to identify hypernyms for a financial term. In future,

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¹https://www.financialexpress.com/market/only-27-indians-are-financially-literatesebis-garg/2134842/

²https://indianexpress.com/article/business/market/less-than-1-of-ruralhouseholds-invest-in-stocks-sebi-survey-4601264/

³https://economictimes.indiatimes.com/markets/stocks/news/financial-educationand-its-importance-in-making-investing-accessible-across-india/articleshow/ 91792025.cms

⁴https://economictimes.indiatimes.com/markets/stocks/news/no-easy-money-lessthan-1-active-traders-beat-bank-fds/articleshow/88656009.cms

⁵https://www.analyticsinsight.net/leveraging-artificial-intelligence-to-simplifyfinancial-knowledge/

we want to develop a method for automatically extracting an ontology from financial documents. This will help people understand complex concepts by simply looking at the hierarchy.

2.3 Sustainability Assessment (SA)

Investors are now looking for Environmental, Social, and Governance compliant sustainable avenues for investment⁶. Understanding the sustainability aspect of the policies of an organization by going through its reports is tedious and challenging. We trained a RoBERTa [14] model [9] to determine the sustainability aspects present in financial texts. This will aid socially responsible investors in decision-making.

2.4 Claim Detection (CD)

Many times executives of organizations make false claims to allure investors. Thus, it is essential to empower investors so that they can distinguish facts from claims. We developed tools (FiNCAT [6] & FiNCAT-2 [5]) which use a Logistic Regression based classifier over context-based BERT [3] embeddings to detect whether numerals present in financial earnings conference calls are claims or not. In [8] and [4], we presented several other approaches for this task.

2.5 Other Modules

We re-use some of the existing state-of-the-art systems for sentiment analysis⁷ [13] and summarization [15] of financial texts.

3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

We combined all the modules and created the *Financial Language Understandability Enhancement Toolkit* (**FLUEnT**)^{8,9,10} [10]Table 1 presents the performance of each of the models described above. Extracting causality [7], examining the effect of social media posts on stock prices are other directions for future works. The work can be extended by developing vernacular systems for the people in general. We will focus on demystifying other kinds of financial texts using NLP.

System	Model	Task	Performance
RA	FinBERT	CLS	AUROC: 0.9927
HE	SBERT+FinBERT	IR	Accuracy: 0.9170
SA	RoBERTa	CLS	Accuracy: 0.9317
CD	BERT	CLS	Macro-F1: 0.8238

Table 1: Results (CLS = Classification, IR = Info. Retrieval)

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⁶http://bwdisrupt.businessworld.in/article/Sustainable-Investing-To-Surge-To-125-B-In-India-By-2026-Report/09-06-2022-432078/

⁷https://huggingface.co/mrm8488/distilroberta-finetuned-financial-newssentiment-analysis

⁸Google Colab link: https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1-KBBKByCU2bkyAUDwW-h6QCSqWI8z127?usp=sharing

⁹Video: https://youtu.be/Bp8Ij5GQ59I

¹⁰Demo: https://huggingface.co/spaces/sohomghosh/FLUEnT